This instruction manual applies to machines from software version 0312/009 and serial number 2633033 onwards.
This instruction manual applies to all versions and subclasses listed under "Specifications".

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**PFAFF Industrie Maschinen AG**

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Short operating instructions for the control panel of the PFAFF 3119

1 Operating mode

The machine can be operated in the buttonhole or bartack mode. Irrespective of the operating mode selected, in addition the sequence mode can be activated (see Point 4 of these short instructions).

1.01 Selecting the operating mode

- Select the input mode (LED off).
- Select function group 100.
- Confirm the input.

- Select parameter 115 (selecting the operating mode).
- Select the operating mode:
  - I = buttonhole mode
  - II = bartack mode
- Call up the sewing mode (LED on).
Short operating instructions for the control panel of the PFAFF 3119

2 Overview of the functions in the buttonhole mode

- Alter the speed
- Alter the cutting length
- Alter the piece counter or reverse counter
- Switch on the stitch density
  1 = "coarse",
  2 = "medium",
  3 = "fine"
- Correct buttonhole width/ seam length
- Correct cut/ cutting length
- Confirm the input/ acknowledge error
- Stop the machine
- Start/stop winding operation
- Move to basic position/ stop parameter input
- Tact forwards
- Tact in reverse
- Raise/ lower work clamp
- Switch on the reverse counter
- Switch on the piece counter
- Switch on the double sewing cycle
- Select the operating mode (switch on sewing mode)

2.01 Overview of the buttonhole models

- 1 - 12
- 13 - 24
- 25 - 31

4.03 Creating a sequence

- Select the input mode (LED off).
- Select function group 100
- Confirm the input.
- Call up the sequence parameters.
  111 = sequence 1
  112 = sequence 2
  113 = sequence 3
- Confirm the input.
- Allocate the first vario program to the first position (e.g. to position 1, bar tack T3).
- Move to further positions and allocate further vario programs.

(Only for buttonholes such as e.g. B2)
- If necessary, switch on the "cutting" function
  I = cutting "off"
  II = cutting "on"
- If necessary, switch on the double sewing cycle.
- Move to the last position and allocate "END". Program B2 is then the last program in this sequence.
- End the sequence input.
- The sequence mode is activated automatically.
- Deactivating the sequence, see parameter 114 II = "off".
Short operating instructions for the control panel of the PFAFF 3119

4 Overview of the functions in the sequence mode

- Alter the speed
- Number of integrated programs/current program
- Alter the piece counter or reverse counter
- Stop the machine
- Start/stop winding operation
- Tact forwards
- Tact in reverse
- Move to basic position/stop parameter input
- Raise/lower work clamp
- Select the operating mode (switch on sewing mode)
- Confirm the input/acknowledge error
- Switch on the reverse counter
- Switch on the piece counter
- Switch on the double sewing cycle
- Confirm the input/acknowledge error

4.01 Creating a vario program

Creating the desired programs as vario programs (also see Chapter 11.05 Vario programs) and copying programs (parameter 206).
Vario programs created from the buttonhole mode are copied with “B” (button) and a program number.
Vario programs created from the bartack mode are copied with “T” (tack) and a program number.

4.02 An example of a sequence

- 1st sequence position B1 II (cut) double sewing cycle
- 2nd sequence position B1 I (no cut) double sewing cycle
- 3rd sequence position B2 II (cut)
- 4th sequence position T4 bartack
- 5th sequence position B3 II (cut) double sewing cycle
- 6th sequence position END end of sequence

2.02 Seam corrections

- ½ bartack length correction
- ½ bartack length correction
- Seam length correction

2.03 Cut corrections

- Total cutting length
- Cutting width
- Cutting length
- Cutting length correction

2.04 Frequently used parameters

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3 Overview of the functions in the bartack mode

3.01 Bartack models

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3.03 2nd seam (reverse seam)

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Safety

1 Safety

1.01 Regulations

This machine is constructed in accordance with the European regulations indicated in the conformity and manufacturer’s declarations.

In addition to this instruction manual, please also observe all generally accepted, statutory and other legal requirements, including those of the user’s country, and the applicable pollution control regulations!

The valid regulations of the regional social insurance society for occupational accidents or other supervisory authorities are to be strictly adhered to!

1.02 General notes on safety

● The machine must only be operated by adequately trained operators and only when the instruction manual has been fully read and understood!

● All notices on safety and the instruction manual of the motor manufacturer are to be read before the machine is put into operation!

● All notes on the machine concerning danger and safety must be observed!

● The machine must be used for the purpose for which it is intended and must not be operated without its safety devices; all regulations relevant to safety must be adhered to.

● When part sets are changed (e.g. needle, presser foot, needle plate, feed dog or bobbin), during threading, when the workplace is left unattended and during maintenance work, the machine must be isolated from the power supply by turning off the on/off switch or removing the plug from the mains!

● Daily maintenance work must only be carried out by appropriately trained persons!

● Repairs and special maintenance work must only be carried out by qualified technical staff or persons with appropriate training!

● During maintenance or repairs on the pneumatic system the machine must be isolated from the compressed air supply! The only exception to this is when adjustments or function checks are carried out by appropriately trained technical staff!

● Work on the electrical equipment must only be carried out by technical staff who are qualified to do so!

● Work on parts or equipment connected to the power supply is not permitted! The only exceptions to this are specified in regulations EN 50110.

● Conversion or modification of the machine must only be carried out under observation of all relevant safety regulations!

● Only spare parts which have been approved by us are to be used for repairs! We draw special attention to the fact that spare parts and accessories not supplied by us have not been subjected to testing nor approval by us. Fitting and/or use of any such parts may cause negative changes to the design characteristics of the machine. We shall not accept any liability for damage caused by the use of non-original parts.
1.03 Safety symbols

 Danger! Special points to observe.

 Danger of injury to operating or technical staff!

 Electric voltage! Danger to operating or technical staff!

 Caution
 Do not operate without finger guard and safety devices. Before threading, changing bobbin and needle, cleaning etc. switch off main switch.

1.04 Important notes for the user

 - This instruction manual belongs to the equipment of the machine and must be available to the operating staff at all times. This instruction manual must be read before the machine is operated for the first time.

 - Both operating and technical staff must be instructed on the safety devices of the machine and on safe working methods.

 - It is the duty of the user to operate the machine in perfect running order only.

 - The user must ensure that none of the safety devices are removed nor put out of working order.

 - The user must ensure that only authorized persons operate and work on the machine.

 For further information please refer to your PFAFF agency.
1.05 Notes for operating and technical staff

1.05.01 Operating staff

Operating staff are the persons responsible for setting up, operating and cleaning the machine and for eliminating any malfunctioning in the sewing area.

The operating staff is obliged to observe the following points:

● The notes on safety in this instruction manual must always be observed!

● Any working methods, which adversely affect the safety of the machine, must be avoided.

● Loose-fitting clothing should be avoided. No jewellery, such as chains and rings, should be worn!

● Ensure that only authorised persons enter the danger area of the machine!

● Any changes occurring on the machine, which may affect its safety, must be reported to the user immediately.

1.05.02 Technical staff

Technical staff are persons who have been trained in electrical engineering/electronics and mechanical engineering. They are responsible for lubricating, servicing, repairing and adjusting the machine.

The technical staff is obliged to observe the following points:

● The notes on safety in this instruction manual must always be observed!

● Before carrying out any adjustment or repair work the main switch must be switched off and measures taken to prevent it from being switched on again!

● Never work on parts or equipment still connected to the power supply! Exceptions are only permissible in accordance with the regulations EN 50110.

● All safety covers must be replaced after the completion of maintenance or repair work!
1.06 Danger warnings

A working area of 1 m must be kept free both in front of and behind the machine, so that easy access is possible at all times.

Never put your hands in the sewing area during sewing!
Danger of injury by the needle!

During maintenance and adjustment work the knife must be secured with locking device 1. Danger of injury from the knife!

Do not operate the machine without the take-up lever guard 2!
Danger of injury from the movement of the take-up lever.

Do not operate the machine without eye shield 3 or 4!
Danger of injury from needle splinters! The type of eye shield is dependent on the way the machine is installed.

Only operate the machine with cover 5 closed.
Danger of injury from the hook!
Proper use

2 Proper use

The PFAFF 3119-1/51, PFAFF 3119-1/52 and PFAFF 3119-2/52 are used for sewing raised or flat buttonholes with two flat or raised square bars on fine materials in the linen and clothing industry.

The PFAFF 3119-2/53, PFAFF 3119-3/51 and PFAFF 3119-4/51 are used for sewing raised or flat buttonholes with two flat or raised square bars on medium materials in the linen and clothing industry.

The PFAFF 3119-2/6 and PFAFF 3119-2/63 are used for sewing raised or flat buttonholes with two flat or raised square bars on delicate knitted fabrics in the linen and clothing industry.

The PFAFF 3119-5/51 is used for producing openings for safety belts in the automobile industry.

Any use of these machines which is not approved by the manufacturer shall be considered as improper use! The manufacturer shall not be liable for any damage arising out of improper use! Proper use shall also be considered to include compliance with the operation, adjustment, service and repair measures specified by the manufacturer!
Specifications

3 Specifications

3.01 General information

Max. sewing speed: ............................................................. 4200 min⁻¹
Stitch type: ........................................................................... 304
Needle bar stroke: ..................................................................... 34.5 mm
Max. thickness of workpiece: ................................................... max. 4 mm
Max. work clamp clearance: .................................................. max. 12.5 mm
Fabric clearance (crosswise to sewing arm): ......................... 235 mm
Fabric clearance (lengthwise to sewing arm): ....................... 30 mm
Stitch formation ................................................ buttonhole, max. 70 mm x 6.0 mm
Length of buttonhole cut: ...................................................... 6.4 mm – 64.6 mm
Zig-zag stitch: ....................................................................... max. 6.0 mm
Number of stitches: .................................................. freely programmable
Feed type: ........................................................................ intermittent
Power supply: .......................................................... 230 V ± 10%, 50/60 Hz, single phase
Power consumption: .......................................................... max. 0.6 KVA
Input power rating: .............................................................. 0.7 KVA
Fuse protection: ................................................................. 1 x 16A, inert
Software status: ................................................................. see parameter "104"
Working air pressure: ............................................................ 6 bar
Air consumption .................................................................. ~1.2 l / work cycle

Noise data:
Emission sound level at workplace with a sewing cycle of
4 sec. On and 2 sec. Off: ......................................................... LₚA = 78 dB(A)▼
(Noise measurement in accordance with DIN 45 635-48-B-1, ISO 11204, ISO 3744, ISO 4871)

Sewing head dimensions:
Length: ........................................................................... approx. 514 mm
Width: ............................................................................... approx. 200 mm
Height: ............................................................................... approx. 450 mm
Weight of sewing head: ....................................................... approx. 65 kg

Dimensions of base:
Length: ........................................................................... approx. 1060 mm
Width: ............................................................................... approx. 600 mm
Height: ............................................................................... approx. 820 mm
Weight of base incl. control box: ......................................... approx. 45 kg

Needle system: ................................................................. 438
Needle size for fine materials: ............................................. 60 - 70
Needle size for medium-weight materials: ......................... 80 - 100

▼ Subject to alteration
▼ KₚA = 2.5 dB
### Specifications

#### 3.02 Stitch formation of the various sub-classes

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<td>Cut-out size in work clamp [mm]</td>
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<td>40,0 x 5,6</td>
<td>40,0 x 6,7</td>
<td>46,0 x 6,7</td>
<td>55,0 x 7,0</td>
<td>77,0 x 7,0</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>44,0 x 6,0</td>
<td>44,0 x 7,0</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Buttonhole size [mm]</td>
<td>min. 9,0 x 2,0</td>
<td>min. 9,0 x 2,0</td>
<td>min. 9,0 x 2,0</td>
<td>min. 9,0 x 2,0</td>
<td>min. 9,0 x 2,0</td>
<td>min. 9,0 x 2,0</td>
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<tr>
<td>max. 24,0 x 4,4</td>
<td>max. 34,0 x 4,4</td>
<td>max. 34,0 x 5,4</td>
<td>max. 40,0 x 5,4</td>
<td>max. 48,0 x 5,4</td>
<td>max. 70,0 x 6,0</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Length of buttonhole cut [mm]</td>
<td>6,4</td>
<td>6,4</td>
<td>6,4</td>
<td>6,4</td>
<td>6,4</td>
<td>6,4</td>
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<tr>
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<td>9,5</td>
<td>9,5</td>
<td>9,5</td>
<td>9,5</td>
<td>9,5</td>
<td>9,5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>11,0</td>
<td>11,0</td>
<td>11,0</td>
<td>11,0</td>
<td>11,0</td>
<td>11,0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>12,7</td>
<td>12,7</td>
<td>12,7</td>
<td>12,7</td>
<td>12,7</td>
<td>12,7</td>
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<td>16,0</td>
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<td>16,0</td>
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<td>17,5</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
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<td>19,0</td>
<td>19,0</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>22,2</td>
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<td>22,2</td>
<td>22,2</td>
<td>22,2</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>25,4</td>
<td>25,4</td>
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<td>28,6</td>
<td>28,6</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>33,7</td>
<td>33,7</td>
<td>35,0</td>
<td>35,0</td>
<td>35,0</td>
<td>35,0</td>
</tr>
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<td>36,5</td>
<td>38,1</td>
<td>38,1</td>
<td>38,1</td>
<td>38,1 to 45*</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>38,1</td>
<td>38,1</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>45*</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>64,6</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* On subclasses -3/51 and -4/51, for a cutting length of 31.7 mm and more, the knife must be at least 16.0 mm long. On the subclass -5/51, for a cutting length of 45 mm and more, the knife must be at least 22.2 mm long.

Each time parts are changed, the control unit must be adapted to the sub-class, see Chapter Kapitel 8.04 Setting up the machine control unit. An incorrect setting can cause the knife or needle to strike the work clamp.
Disposal of Machine

- Proper disposal of the machine is the responsibility of the customer.

- The materials used for the machine are steel, aluminium, brass and various plastic materials.
  The electrical equipment comprises plastic materials and copper.

- The machine is to be disposed of according to the locally valid pollution control regulations; if necessary, a specialist is to be commissioned.

⚠️ Care must be taken that parts soiled with lubricants are disposed of separately according to the locally valid pollution control regulations!
5 Transportation, packing and storage

5.01 Transportation to customer's premises
The machines are delivered completely packed.

5.02 Transportation inside the customer's premises
The manufacturer cannot be made liable for transportation inside the customer's premises nor to other operating locations. It must be ensured that the machines are only transported in an upright position.

5.03 Disposal of packing materials
The packing materials of this machine comprise paper, cardboard and VCE fibre. Proper disposal of the packing material is the responsibility of the customer.

5.04 Storage
If the machine is not in use, it can be stored as it is for a period of up to six months, but it should be protected against dust and moisture.
If the machine is stored for longer periods, the individual parts, especially the surfaces of moving parts, must be protected against corrosion, e.g. by a film of oil.
Explanation of symbols

6 Explanation of symbols

In this instruction manual, work to be carried out or important information is accentuated by symbols. These symbols have the following meanings:

- ![Note symbol] Note, information
- ![Cleaning symbol] Cleaning, care
- ![Lubrication symbol] Lubrication
- ![Maintenance symbol] Maintenance, repairs, adjustment, service work
  (only to be carried out by technical staff)
Controls

7 Controls

7.01 Main switch

● The machine is switched on or off by turning the main switch 1.

Fig. 7 - 01

7.02 Switch for separate compressor (optional)

● Turn the compressor on or off by turning switch 1.

Before starting the machine, switch on the compressor and wait until the manometer displays a pressure of **6 bar**. If the pressure is too low, an error message will appear on the display.
Controls

7.03 Pedal

-1 = Prevent knife engagement at end of current sewing cycle
0 = Neutral position
+1 = Work clamp lowered
+2 = Sewing

Fig. 7 - 03

7.04 Preventing knife engagement

- By operating push button 1, knife engagement at the end of the current sewing cycle is prevented.
- By moving lever 2 in the direction of the arrow, the knife is mechanically locked. This prevents knife engagement during setting-up, maintenance and adjustment work.

Fig. 7 - 04
7.05 Control panel

The keys on control panel 1 are used for selecting machine functions for setting-up purposes, for sewing operations and for entering parameters. The functions of the program keys depend among other things on the selected operating mode and whether the sequence mode is activated, see Chapter 9.06 Selecting the operating mode or Chapter 9.11 Activating the sequence mode.

Fig. 7 - 05

Plus / minus key
● The values showed on the display can be increased or reduced on the respective key using these keys.

Stop
● When operated during a sewing cycle, the machine is stopped.
● If operated outside a sewing cycle, the winding operation is started/stopped.
● When entering the code number this key corresponds to the figure 0.

Step-by-step forwards / step-by-step backwards
● Step-by-step movement through the entire sewing cycle forwards or backwards.

![Warning Symbol]

When moving step-by-step through the sewing cycle, all cutting procedures will be carried out! Danger of injury if the knife engages!

Basic position
● In the operational mode Sewing the machine moves to the basic position.
● In the operational mode Input the parameter input is interrupted (without the values being saved) and the function group level of the parameter list is selected (100, 200, ..., 800).

Work clamp raised / lowered
● In the operational mode Sewing the work clamp is raised/lowered.
● When entering the code number, this key corresponds to number 6.

Using the keys described below, each of which has an LED, depending on the mode selected, further functions can be called up. When the LED lights up the corresponding function is activated / switched on.
Controls

7.05.01 Further key functions in the buttonhole mode

When selecting the buttonhole mode, see Chapter 9.06 Selecting the operating mode, the function of the keys depends on the screen display, see Chapter 10 Sewing.

If the program number is shown on the display instead of the cutting length, the following 3 keys serve as station keys for vario and special programs.

- When the cut length is displayed, the machine switches to coarse using the stitch density.
- When entering the code number, this key corresponds to number 1.
- When entering the code number, this key corresponds to number 2.
- When the cut length is displayed, the machine switches to fine using the stitch density.
- When entering the code number, this key corresponds to number 3.

Buttonhole width/seam correction
- After this function has been activated, the current values for the buttonhole width (left) and seam correction (right) are shown on the display and can be changed respectively with the corresponding plus/minus key.
- When entering the code number, this key corresponds to number 4.

Cutting width/cutting length correction
- After this function has been activated, the current values for the cutting width (left) and the seam and cutting length correction (right) are shown on the display and can be changed respectively with the corresponding plus/minus key.
- When entering the code number, this key corresponds to number 5.

Sewing mode / Input
- With this key it is possible to switch between sewing mode (LED on) and parameter input (LED off).

Double sewing cycle
- After this function has been activated, the buttonholes are sewn twice.
- When entering the code number, this key corresponds to number 7.

Piece counter / reverse counter
- When one of these functions is selected, the other function is deactivated.
  - When the function is selected, the current value appears on the right hand side of the screen, the set value appears on the screen after the key is pressed twice and can be altered with the corresponding plus / minus key.
- When entering the code number, this key corresponds to number 8 (piece counter) or number 9 (reverse counter).

Enter
- This key is used to confirm an input and to acknowledge error corrections.
Other key functions in the bartack mode

When the bartack mode has been selected, see Chapter 9.06 Selecting the operating mode, the function of the keys depends on the screen display, see Chapter 10 Sewing.

If the program number is shown on the display instead of the bartack length, the following 3 keys serve as station keys for vario and special programs.

- If the bartack length is shown on the display, a previously created bartack is activated.
- When entering the code number, this key corresponds to number 1.
- If the bartack length is shown on the display, a previously created bartack is activated.
- When entering the code number, this key corresponds to number 2.
- If the bartack length is shown on the display, a previously created bartack is activated.
- When entering the code number, this key corresponds to number 3.

1st seam (forwards seam)
- After this function has been activated, the current values of the forwards seam for bartack width (left) stitch length (centre) and bartack length correction (right) are shown on the display and can be changed respectively with the corresponding plus/minus key.
- When entering the code number, this key corresponds to number 4.

2nd seam (reverse seam)
- After this function has been activated, the current values of the reverse seam for bartack width (left) stitch length (centre) and cutting width (right) are shown on the display and can be changed respectively with the corresponding plus/minus key (does not apply to bartack type “35”).
- When entering the code number, this key corresponds to number 5.

Sewing mode / Input
- With this key it is possible to switch between sewing mode (LED on) and parameter input (LED off).
- When entering the code number, this key corresponds to number 7.

Piece counter / reverse counter
- When one of these functions is selected, the other function is deactivated.
  When the function is selected, the current value appears on the right hand side of the screen, the set value appears on the screen after the key is pressed twice and can be altered with the corresponding plus/minus key.
- When entering the code number, this key corresponds to number 8 (piece counter) or number 9 (reverse counter).

Enter
- This key is used to confirm an input and to acknowledge error corrections.
Further key functions in the activated sequence mode

When the sequence mode has been activated, see Chapter 9.11 Activating the sequence mode, the other keys have the functions described below.

The following 3 keys serve as station keys for the sequences, also see Chapter 11.06.01 Creating sequences.

- The sequence entered under parameter "111" is activated.
- When entering the code number, this key corresponds to number 1.
- The sequence entered under parameter "112" is activated.
- When entering the code number, this key corresponds to number 2.
- The sequence entered under parameter "113" is activated.
- When entering the code number, this key corresponds to number 3.
- When entering the code number, this key corresponds to number 4.
- When entering the code number, this key corresponds to number 5.

Sewing mode / Input

- With this key it is possible to switch between sewing mode ( LED on ) and parameter input ( LED off ).

- When entering the code number, this key corresponds to number 7.

Piece counter / reverse counter

- When one of these functions is selected, the other function is deactivated.
  - When the function is selected, the current value appears on the right hand side of the screen, the set value appears on the screen after the key is pressed twice and can be altered with the corresponding plus / minus key.
- When entering the code number, this key corresponds to number 8 ( piece counter ) or number 9 ( reverse counter ).

Enter

- This key is used to confirm an input and to acknowledge error corrections.
Mounting and commissioning the machine

The machine must only be mounted and commissioned by qualified personnel!
All relevant safety regulations are to be observed!
If the machine is delivered without a table, be sure that the frame and the table top which you intend to use can hold the weight of the machine and the motor. It must be ensured that the supporting structure is sufficiently sturdy, even during sewing operations.

8.01 Installation

The site where the machine is installed must be provided with suitable connections for the electric current, see Chapter 3 Specifications. It must also be ensured that the standing surface of the machine site is firm and horizontal, and that sufficient lighting is provided.

For packing reasons the table top is in the lowered position. The table height is adjusted as described below.

8.01.01 Adjusting the table height

- Loosen screws 1 and 2 and set the table height as required.
- Firmly tighten screw 1.
- Set the required pedal position and tighten screws 2.
8.01.02 Installation variants

The PFAFF 3119 can be installed in two different ways.

- **Version A**: Sewing crosswise to the table edge
- **Version B**: Sewing parallel to the table edge

When the machine is installed for "Sewing parallel to the table edge", the eye shield 1, part no. 91-160 383-90, must be fitted.

The safety covers must be fitted before the machine is set into operation and must not be removed, see also Chapter 1.06 Danger warnings!
8.01.03 Table top drilling template (installed parallel to the table edge)
8.01.04 Table top drilling template (installed crosswise to the table edge)
8.01.05 Connecting the plug-type connections

- Connect all plugs 1 - 7 as labelled in the control box.
- Screw earth cable from the machine and the motor to earth point 8.
- Connect earth point 8 and 9 with an earth cable.
- Screw earth cable of the main switch to earth point 9.

The serial interface 10 is used to transfer data between the PC and the machine control unit (e.g. for software updates, work with SAM and OSCA programs).
Installation and commissioning

8.01.06 Fitting the reel stand

- Fit the reel stand as shown in Fig. 8-04.
- Afterwards insert the stand in the hole in the table top and secure it with nuts provided.

![Fig. 8-04](Image)

8.02 Commissioning

- Clean the machine thoroughly and then check the oil level (see Chapter 12 Care and Maintenance).
- Check the machine, in particular the electric leads and pneumatic connection tubes, for any damage.
- Have mechanics ensure that the machine’s motor can be operated with the available electricity supply.
- Connect the machine to the compressed air system. The manometer should show a pressure of 6 bar.
  If necessary, set this value (see Chapter 12.04 Checking / adjusting the air pressure).

8.03 Switching the machine on / off

- Switch the machine on or off (see Chapter 7.01 Main switch).
- Setting up the machine control unit, see Chapter 8.04 Setting up the machine control unit.
8.04 Setting up the machine control unit

After the initial machine start up, first of all the allocation of the machine control unit to the machine sub-class being used must be checked and adjusted if necessary.

8.04.01 Establishing the sub-class

- Measure the size of the cut-out in the work clamp 1.
- With the cut-out size and the aid of the following table, the sub-class and the parameter value “202” can be established.
- How to set parameter “202” is described in Chapter 8.04 Setting parameter “202”.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Work clamp cut-out</th>
<th>Sub-class</th>
<th>Value for parameter “202”</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>30,0 x 5,6</td>
<td>3119-1/51,-1/52</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>40,0 x 5,6</td>
<td>3119-2/51</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>44,0 x 6,0</td>
<td>3119-2/62</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>40,0 x 6,7</td>
<td>3119-2/53</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>44,0 x 7,0</td>
<td>3119-2/63</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>46,0 x 6,7</td>
<td>3119-3/51</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>55,0 x 7,0</td>
<td>3119-4/51</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>77,0 x 7,0</td>
<td>3119-5/51</td>
<td>6</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Installation and commissioning

8.04.02 Setting parameter “202”

● Switch on the machine.

● Select operational mode Input (LED in the key is off).

● Using the corresponding plus/minus key select the function group, e.g. “200”.

● Confirm input with Enter.

● Enter the code, see Chapter 11.03 Entering/altering the access code.

● Using the corresponding plus/minus key select the value for the established sub-class, e.g. “3” for sub-class 3119-2/53, see Chapter 8.04.01 Establishing the sub-class.

● Conclude parameter input by switching to operational mode Sewing.
9 Setting up

All instructions and regulations in this instruction manual must be observed. Special attention must be given to all safety regulations!

All setting-up work must only be done by personnel with the necessary training. For all setting-up work the machine must be isolated from its power supply by turning off the on/off switch or removing the machine plug from the electric power socket!

9.01 Inserting the needle

Switch off the machine!
Mechanically lock the knife using the knife engagement prevention lever! Danger of injury from the needle and the knife!

Only use needles from the system intended for the machine, see Chapter 3 Specifications.

- Loosen screw 1.
- Insert needle 2 as far as possible and with the long needle groove pointing in the direction of the knife.
- Tighten screw 1.

Through hole 3 it is possible to check, whether needle 2 has been inserted as far as possible.
By inserting suitable tools in hole 3, broken needles can be driven out.
Setting up

9.02 Winding the bobbin thread / adjusting the preliminary thread tension

- Place an empty bobbin 1 on winder spindle 2.
- Thread up as shown in Fig. 9 - 02 and wind the thread a few times clockwise around bobbin 1.
- Engage the bobbin winder by pressing spindle 2 and lever 3 simultaneously.

The bobbin is wound during sewing.

- The tension of the thread wound onto bobbin 1 is set on milled screw 4.
- The bobbin winder will stop when sufficient thread is wound onto bobbin 1.
- After winding the needle thread can be cut with thread knife 5.

If the thread is wound unevenly:
- Loosen nut 6.
- Turn thread guide 7 as required.
- Tighten nut 6 again.

Winding the bobbin outside the sewing cycle.
With the Stop key it is possible to switch off the drive of the feeding mechanism and the knife, so that bobbin winding only takes place with pedal operation. To wind the bobbin, the needle thread must be removed.
9.03 Threading the bobbin case / adjusting the bobbin thread tension

- Insert the bobbin 1 in the bobbin case.
- First guide the thread into slot 3 and under spring 4.
- Then guide the thread into slot 5.

For **purl** buttonholes:
- Push thread through opening 6.

For **flat** buttonholes:
- Push thread through opening 7.
- Trim thread on thread knife 8.
- Adjust the thread tension by turning screw 9.
- To do so use the tools supplied.

When sewing flat buttonholes, the tension of the bobbin thread must be so high, that the bobbin thread is interlooped on the bottom side of the material.
Switch off the machine!
Lock the knife mechanically with the knife engagement prevention device! Danger of injury from the needle and the knife!

- Open the cover of the hook compartment.

Removing the bobbin:
- Raise latch 1 and remove bobbin case 2 together with the bobbin.

Inserting the bobbin:
- Raise latch 1 and insert bobbin case 2 together with the bobbin into the hook
- Release latch 1 and push the bobbin case into the hook until you feel it snap into place.
- Close the cover of the hook compartment.
9.05 Threading the needle thread

Switch off the machine!
Lock the knife mechanically with the knife engagement prevention device! Danger of injury from the needle and the knife!

- Thread the needle thread as shown in Fig. 9-05.
Setting up

9.06 Selecting the operating mode

- Switch on the machine.

- Select operational mode Input (LED in the key Operational mode Sewing should not be on).

- Select the function group "100" with the appropriate plus / minus key.

- Confirm the input with Enter.

- Select the parameter "115" (operating mode) with the corresponding plus/minus key.

- Select the desired operating mode (I, II) with the corresponding plus/minus key:
  
  I = buttonhole mode
  II = bartack mode

- Switch to Operational mode sewing (LED in key is on).

The functions of the keys on the control panel are dependent, among other things, on the operating mode selected, see Chapter 7.05 Control panel.
9.07 Selecting the type of buttonhole / bartack

Depending on the selected operating mode, see Chapter 9.06 Selecting the operating mode, the type of buttonhole or bartack is selected as described below.

● Switch on the machine.

● Select the function group "100" with the appropriate plus / minus key.

● Confirm with Enter.

● Select parameter "105" (type of buttonhole) with the appropriate plus / minus key:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Types of buttonhole</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>seam raised, bartack flat</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>completely flat</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>completely raised</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>first sewing cycle completely flat, second cycle completely raised (double sewing cycle)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>first sewing cycle completely flat, second cycle seam raised, bartack flat (double sewing cycle)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

● Select the desired buttonhole type (1-5) or bartack type (1-4) with the corresponding plus/minus key:

● Switch to Operational mode sewing (LED in key is on).
9.08 Adjusting the needle thread tension

- Thread and insert the bobbin case according to the required type of buttonhole, see Chapter 9.03 Inserting the bobbin case / adjusting the bobbin thread tension.
- Switch on the machine and select the required type of buttonhole (purl or flat buttonholes) on the control panel, see Chapter 9.07 Selecting the type of buttonhole / bartack

For **purl** buttonholes (A):
- Open tension unit 1 to the full extent and adjust tension unit 2 so that the stitches are interloomed in the centre of the material.
- Adjust tension unit 1 so that the interloops of the purl seam stitches are pulled upwards.

For **flat** buttonholes (B):
- Adjust tension unit 2 (less tension) so that the interloops of the stitches are pulled to the bottom side of the material.

Carry out the adjustment with different coloured needle and bobbin threads.
9.09 Adjusting the work clamp pressure

- Adjust the work clamp pressure by turning adjustment screw 1.

The sewing pressure depends on the material of the workpiece and must be adapted to this. It is set correctly when the workpiece is fed reliably and shows no feed marks.
Setting up

9.10 Position of the needle to the workpiece

- Switch on the machine and sew one buttonhole.
- Insert the workpiece and lower the work clamp with this key.
- Call up operational mode Input (LED in the key is off).
- Select the function group "600" with the corresponding plus/minus key.

600

- Confirm input with the Enter key.
- Enter the code, see Chapter 11.03 Entering/altering the access code.

601

- Call up the parameter "605" (position of the needle to the workpiece) using the corresponding plus/minus key.

605 15

- Disengage the needle thread cutter by hand.
- By turning the balance wheel in the sewing direction set the needle point at a level with the workpiece surface (the preset value 15 is altered).
- Confirm the new value with the Enter key.
- Switch to operational mode Sewing (LED in the key is on).
Activating the sequence mode

To activate the sequence mode, at least one sequence must have been created beforehand, see Chapter 11.06.01 Creating sequences.

- Switch on the machine.
- Select operational mode Input (LED in the key Operational mode Sewing should not be on).

Select the function group "100" with the appropriate plus / minus key.

Confirm the input with Enter.

Select the parameter "114" (sequence mode) with the corresponding plus/minus key.

To switch on the sequence mode, enter value "II" with the corresponding plus/minus key:

Switch to Operational mode sewing (LED in key is on).

In the sequence mode, the number of programs belonging to the sequence are shown on the display together with the current program. It is possible to switch from one program to another manually with the corresponding plus/minus key.
10 Sewing

The machine must be installed and connected in accordance with Chapter 8 Installation and Commissioning.

- Set-up the machine, see Chapter 9 Setting-up.
- Switch on the machine, see Chapter 7.01 On/off switch.
- The machine is automatically in the operational mode Sewing.
- Start the sewing cycle with the pedal, see Chapter 7.03 Pedal.

The control panel display and therefore the operation of the machine depend among other things on the subclass and the selected operating mode, or the sequence mode being activated.

10.01 Sewing in the buttonhole mode

10.01.01 Control panel with speed or buttonhole model display

What is shown on the display screen:

4200: Maximum speed
The value can be altered directly with the corresponding plus/minus key.

20: Buttonhole model
The buttonhole model can be altered with the corresponding plus/minus key. If variable programs are selected (see cut length) the number of the buttonhole model allocated to the variable program appears. No value is shown when special programs are selected.

12.7: Cut length
This value can be changed directly with the corresponding plus/minus key. The buttonhole is selected by selecting the cut length (from 6.4 mm to 64.6 mm, depending on the sub-class) in conjunction with the selected stitch density (program keys).
After tacting through the range of values for the cut lengths, the program numbers of the stored variable and special programs appear on the display. Only reserved program numbers are displayed, variable programs from 1 to 39, special programs from 40 to 49.
When selecting these programs, the program keys can be used as call-up keys.
After selecting a variable or special program, a program key can be reserved by pressing one of the 3 program keys longer (about 2 seconds).

In addition, previously selected cut lengths, variable or special programs can be selected with the corresponding plus/minus key (also see Chapter 11.07 Selecting programs).

Selected programs are marked on the display with an "*".

**1500:** Piece counter / reverse counter
Depending on the activated function (piece counter or reverse counter) the number of buttonholes already sewn or the number still to be sewn is displayed.
Selecting the buttonhole

It is possible to select 31 different buttonhole models. Fixed programs are allocated to each model, depending on the subclass. The desired fixed program is selected by choosing the cutting length and one of the three stitch densities.

Buttonhole design:

- Select the stitch density.
- Select the cut length (depends on the knife installed).
- If necessary adjust the buttonhole width.
- If necessary adjust the cut width (left)/seam extension (right).
10.01.03 Entering the knife length and cut overlap

To avoid premature wear of the cutting equipment we recommend the use of a knife matching the buttonhole length.

- Switch on the machine.
- Select the operational mode Input (LED in the key is off).
- Select function group ‘200’ with the corresponding plus/minus key.
- Enter the value for the knife length of the installed knife, e.g. 16 mm, with the corresponding plus/minus key.
- Confirm the input with Enter.
- Enter the code, see Chapter 11.03 Entering/altering the access code.

Entering the knife length
- Select parameter ‘207’ with the corresponding plus/minus key.
- Enter the value for the knife length of the installed knife, e.g. 16 mm, with the corresponding plus/minus key.

Enter cut overlap
- Select Parameter ‘208’ with the corresponding plus/minus key.
- With the corresponding plus/minus key select the cut overlap, e.g. 0.5 mm.
- Conclude the parameter input by switching to operational mode Sewing (LED in the key is on).
**Sewing**

10.01.04 Altering the buttonhole width and seam correction

- The buttonhole width and seam correction are only valid in the buttonhole mode and must always be set up from the centre of the buttonhole.

  - Switch on the machine.
  - Select the function for entering the buttonhole width and seam correction (LED in the key is on).

![Buttonhole width and seam length diagram]

- Entering the button width
  - Enter the desired buttonhole width with the left plus/minus key.

![Buttonhole width input screen]

- Entering the seam correction
  - Enter the desired seam correction with the right plus/minus key.

![Seam correction input screen]

A seam correction value under the minimum cut distance to the bartack (see parameter “210”) or over the value for the appropriate subclass, is not valid.
10.01.05  Altering the cutting width and cutting length correction

The cutting width and cutting length are only valid in the buttonhole mode and must always be set up from the centre of the buttonhole.

- Switch on the machine.

- Select the function for entering the buttonhole width and seam correction (LED in the key is on).

  0.2  0.0

Entering the cutting width correction

- Enter the desired distance of the cut from the buttonhole seam with the left plus/minus key.

  0.4  0.0

Entering the cutting length correction

- Enter the desired cutting length correction with the right plus/minus key. The buttonhole length is adapted automatically to the corresponding length.

  0.4  0.3

A cutting length correction value under the minimum value of the installed knife or over the maximum value for the appropriate subclass, is not valid.
10.02  Sewing in the bartack mode

10.02.01  Control panel with speed or bartack type display

Screen displays:

4200:  Maximum speed
The value can be altered directly with the corresponding plus/minus key.

35:  Type of bartack
The type of bartack can be altered with the corresponding plus/minus key (at present only one type of bartack can be selected). If vario programs are selected (see bartack length), the number of the bartack type allocated to the vario program appears. If special programs are selected, no value is displayed.

12.0:  Bartack length
The value can be altered directly with the corresponding plus/minus key. The bartack is selected by choosing the bartack length (depending on the subclass from 10.0 mm to 70.0 mm) in conjunction with the selected program key.
After the machine has tacted through the range of bartack lengths values, the program numbers of the stored vario and special programs appear on the display. Only reserved program numbers are displayed, variable programs from 1 to 39, special programs from 40 to 49.
When selecting these programs, the program keys can be used as call-up keys.

After selecting a variable or special program, a program key can be reserved by pressing one of the 3 program keys longer (about 2 seconds).

It is also possible to call up previously selected bartack lengths, vario or special programs with the corresponding plus/minus key (also see Chapter 11.07 Selecting programs …).
Selected programs are marked on the display with an " * * ".

1500:  Piece counter / reverse counter
Depending on the activated function (piece counter or reverse counter) the number of buttonholes already sewn or the number still to be sewn is displayed.
10.02.02 Selecting the bartack

The desired bartack is selected by entering the bartack length, bartack width and stitch length.

- Select the bartack length.

- Select the stitch density

Alterations in bartack width and stitch length for the forwards and reverse seam are stored and can be called up again by pressing the corresponding program key.

- If necessary, adapt the bartack width (left plus/minus key), stitch length (centre plus/minus key) and bartack extension (right plus/minus key) of the forwards seam.

- If necessary, adapt the bartack width (left) and stitch length (centre) of the reverse seam.
In the operational mode Input the values of the machine parameters can be altered, e.g. for setting up the machine or for creating/modifying seam programs.

### 11.01 Summary of the function groups and parameters

**Operational mode Input (LED is off)**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>100</th>
<th>Operating staff</th>
<th>101</th>
<th>Knife suppression</th>
<th>I off II on</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>102</td>
<td>Stop – needle thread fault</td>
<td>I off II on</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>103</td>
<td>Display in Sewing mode</td>
<td>I Button hole / bartack model II Speed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>104</td>
<td>Display software version</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>105</td>
<td>Type of buttonhole/type of bartack (see Chapter 9.07)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>106</td>
<td>Buttonhole model/bartack model (see Chapter 11.05.04)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>107</td>
<td>Maximum speed</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>108</td>
<td>Number of securing seam cycles</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>109</td>
<td>Distance of the securing seam to the outer edge of the buttonhole</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>110</td>
<td>Selecting programs</td>
<td>I Off (select programs) II On</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>111</td>
<td>Programming sequence 1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>112</td>
<td>Programming sequence 2</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>113</td>
<td>Programming sequence 3</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>114</td>
<td>Sequence mode</td>
<td>I off II ein</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>115</td>
<td>Operating mode</td>
<td>I buttonhole II bartack</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>116</td>
<td>Software version motor control unit</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>200</th>
<th>Specialists</th>
<th>201</th>
<th>Deleting variable programs</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>202</td>
<td>Deleting variable programs</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>203</th>
<th>PC connection</th>
<th>204</th>
<th>Copying programs</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>205</td>
<td>Needle thread monitor</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>206</td>
<td>Entering the knife length</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>207</td>
<td>Enter cut overlap</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>208</td>
<td>Double cycle with offset stitches</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>209</td>
<td>Min. distance to bartack (distance from front edge of knife to centre of needle)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>210</td>
<td>Number of finishing stitches</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>211</td>
<td>Programming (see Chapter 11.05.02, 11.05.06 and 13.48.02)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>300</td>
<td>Times (see Chapter 13.48.02)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>400</td>
<td>Counters and speeds (see Chapter 13.48.02)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>500</td>
<td>Service (see Chapter 13.48.02)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>600</td>
<td>Sewing motor (see Chapter 13.48.02)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>700</td>
<td>Access rights (see Chapter 11.03. and 13.48.02)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>800</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
11.02 Selecting the function group and altering the parameters

● Switch on the machine.
  After the machine is switched on, the operational mode Sewing is activated automatically.

● By pressing the key activate Operational mode Input (LED in the key is off).

● Select the desired function group with the corresponding plus/minus key.
  On delivery only the function group “100” has free access, the other function groups are protected from unauthorised access by a code.

● The function group is selected by pressing Enter.

● Select the desired parameters and alter the desired value using the corresponding plus/minus key.

● When the Enter key is pressed, the altered value is saved and the next parameter is selected.
  or
  ● When Operation mode Sewing is selected the altered value is saved and the machine changes to the operational mode sewing (LED in the key is on).
  or
  ● when the Reset key is pressed the altered value is not saved and the function group selection is called up.
## Input

### Entering / altering the access code

- Switch on the machine.
- Switch to parameter input (LED in the key is not on).
- Select the function group "800" with the appropriate plus / minus key.

```
800
```

- Confirm with Enter.
- Enter code

The numbers are entered with the appropriate function keys as illustrated below. The factory code setting is "3119".

```
Code: 3119
```

- Confirm input with Enter.

```
801 0
```

- To change the access code, select parameter "819" (enter access code) with the appropriate plus / minus key.

```
819 3119
```

- Enter the new code number and take it over with Enter or by selecting Operational mode sewing.

---

11.03 Entering / altering the access code

- Switch on the machine.
- Switch to parameter input (LED in the key is not on).
- Select the function group "800" with the appropriate plus / minus key.

```
800
```

- Confirm with Enter.
- Enter code

The numbers are entered with the appropriate function keys as illustrated below. The factory code setting is "3119".

```
Code: 3119
```

- Confirm input with Enter.

```
801 0
```

- To change the access code, select parameter "819" (enter access code) with the appropriate plus / minus key.

```
819 3119
```

- Enter the new code number and take it over with Enter or by selecting Operational mode sewing.
11.04 Allocating access rights

- Switch on the machine.
- Switch to parameter input (LED in the key is not on).
- Select the function group "800" with the appropriate plus / minus key.

800

- Confirm input with Enter.

Enter

- Enter code (e.g. 3119)

Code: 3119

- Confirm input with Enter.

Enter

- Select the required parameter "801" to "818" with the appropriate plus / minus key, see Chapter 13.48 Parameter settings.

818 1

- Release or lock the selected parameter with the appropriate plus / minus key.
  0: Parameter function is freely accessible.
  1: Parameter function only available after access code has been entered.

If all parameters (801 to 818) are set at "0", no further enquiry for the access code ensues.

- Take over setting with Enter or by selecting Operational mode Sewing.
11.05 Variable programs

39 variable programs can be stored in the machine. A variable program can be selected with the program number 1 to 39. Variable programs can be created by copying and altering the desired parameters of an existing program or by entering completely new parameters.

11.05.01 Copying programs

If there is a program in the machine which corresponds approximately to the required program, this can be copied and then altered. This method is particularly suitable if e.g. only one parameter has to be altered, to achieve the desired result.

- Switch on the machine.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Buttonhole mode (B for buttonhole)</th>
<th>Bartack mode (T for tack)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><img src="image" alt="Plus/Minus Key" /> 4200 B2 500</td>
<td><img src="image" alt="Plus/Minus Key" /> 4200 T2 500</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- With the corresponding plus/minus key select the fixed or vario program to be copied using the cutting length or bartack length, or the program number (e.g. B2 or T2).

- Select the operational mode Input (LED in the key is off).

- Select function group “200” using the corresponding plus/minus key.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>200</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

- Confirm the input with Enter.

- Enter the code, see Chapter 11.03 Entering/altering the access code.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>201</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

- Select parameter “206” (copying program) with the corresponding plus/minus key and confirm with Enter. On the display the next free program number appears after the parameter (variable programs from 1 – 39).

| 206 3 |

- Confirm the input with Enter.

The next steps for altering the program are described in Chapter 11.05.02 Creating/modifying variable programs.
11.05.02 Creating / modifying vario programs in the buttonhole mode

A variable program is written with the parameters of the function group "300". The variable program can be adapted to individual requirements by altering individual parameters.

As illustrated below variable programs consist of 4 sections:

- Seam A
- Seam C
- Bar B
- Bar D

In addition to the purely geometrical data a variable program is also defined by further parameters:

- Buttonhole models (1 to 31), see Chapter 11.05.04 Buttonhole and bartack model
- Number of stitches A, B, C, D
- Secondary thread tension A, B, C, D

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>301</td>
<td>Program number</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>302</td>
<td>Cut length (mm)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>303</td>
<td>Buttonhole model</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>304</td>
<td>Distance A (mm)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>305</td>
<td>Width A (mm)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>306</td>
<td>Length A (mm)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>307</td>
<td>Number of stitches A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>308</td>
<td>Secondary thread tension A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>309</td>
<td>Width B (mm)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>310</td>
<td>Width B1 (mm)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>311</td>
<td>Length B (mm)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>312</td>
<td>Length B1 (mm)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>313</td>
<td>Number of stitches B</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>314</td>
<td>Distance B (mm)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>315</td>
<td>Secondary thread tension B</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>316</td>
<td>Distance C (mm)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>317</td>
<td>Width C (mm)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>318</td>
<td>Length C (mm)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>319</td>
<td>Number of stitches C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>320</td>
<td>Secondary thread tension C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>321</td>
<td>Width D (mm)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>322</td>
<td>Width D1 (mm)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>323</td>
<td>Length D (mm)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>324</td>
<td>Length D1 (mm)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>325</td>
<td>Number of stitches D</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>326</td>
<td>Distance D (mm)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>327</td>
<td>Secondary thread tension D</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### 11.05.03 Creating / modifying vario programs in the bartack mode

A variable program is written with the parameters of the function group "300". The variable program can be adapted to individual requirements by altering individual parameters.

As illustrated below, vario programs consist of 2 sections:
- **1st seam (forwards seam)**
- **2nd seam (reverse seam)**

In addition to the purely geometrical data, a vario program is also defined with further parameters:
- Bartack model 35, see Chapter 11.05.04 Buttonhole and bartack models
- Secondary thread tension 1st and 2nd seam

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>301</td>
<td>Program number</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>302</td>
<td>Bartack length [mm]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>303</td>
<td>Bartack model</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>304</td>
<td>no function (bartack model 35)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>305</td>
<td>Width of 1st seam [mm]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>306</td>
<td>Stitch length 1st seam [mm]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>307</td>
<td>Secondary thread tension 1st seam</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>308</td>
<td>no function (bartack model 35)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>309</td>
<td>Width 2nd seam [mm]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>310</td>
<td>Stitch length 2nd seam [mm]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>311</td>
<td>Secondary thread tension 2nd seam</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
11.05.04  Buttonhole and bartack model

In the following table, in addition to the bartack model, all buttonhole models are shown with their appropriate bartacks.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Number</th>
<th>Buttonhole model</th>
<th>Bar B</th>
<th>Bar D</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td><img src="image1" alt="Diagram" /></td>
<td><img src="image2" alt="Diagram" /></td>
<td><img src="image3" alt="Diagram" /></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td><img src="image4" alt="Diagram" /></td>
<td><img src="image5" alt="Diagram" /></td>
<td><img src="image6" alt="Diagram" /></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td><img src="image7" alt="Diagram" /></td>
<td><img src="image8" alt="Diagram" /></td>
<td><img src="image9" alt="Diagram" /></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td><img src="image10" alt="Diagram" /></td>
<td><img src="image11" alt="Diagram" /></td>
<td><img src="image12" alt="Diagram" /></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td><img src="image13" alt="Diagram" /></td>
<td><img src="image14" alt="Diagram" /></td>
<td><img src="image15" alt="Diagram" /></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td><img src="image16" alt="Diagram" /></td>
<td><img src="image17" alt="Diagram" /></td>
<td><img src="image18" alt="Diagram" /></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td><img src="image19" alt="Diagram" /></td>
<td><img src="image20" alt="Diagram" /></td>
<td><img src="image21" alt="Diagram" /></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td><img src="image22" alt="Diagram" /></td>
<td><img src="image23" alt="Diagram" /></td>
<td><img src="image24" alt="Diagram" /></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td><img src="image25" alt="Diagram" /></td>
<td><img src="image26" alt="Diagram" /></td>
<td><img src="image27" alt="Diagram" /></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Number</td>
<td>Buttonhole model</td>
<td>Bar B</td>
<td>Bar D</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>--------</td>
<td>------------------</td>
<td>-------</td>
<td>-------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td><img src="image1" alt="Buttonhole model" /></td>
<td><img src="image2" alt="Bar B" /></td>
<td><img src="image3" alt="Bar D" /></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11</td>
<td><img src="image4" alt="Buttonhole model" /></td>
<td><img src="image5" alt="Bar B" /></td>
<td><img src="image6" alt="Bar D" /></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12</td>
<td><img src="image7" alt="Buttonhole model" /></td>
<td><img src="image8" alt="Bar B" /></td>
<td><img src="image9" alt="Bar D" /></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13</td>
<td><img src="image10" alt="Buttonhole model" /></td>
<td><img src="image11" alt="Bar B" /></td>
<td><img src="image12" alt="Bar D" /></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>14</td>
<td><img src="image13" alt="Buttonhole model" /></td>
<td><img src="image14" alt="Bar B" /></td>
<td><img src="image15" alt="Bar D" /></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15</td>
<td><img src="image16" alt="Buttonhole model" /></td>
<td><img src="image17" alt="Bar B" /></td>
<td><img src="image18" alt="Bar D" /></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>16</td>
<td><img src="image19" alt="Buttonhole model" /></td>
<td><img src="image20" alt="Bar B" /></td>
<td><img src="image21" alt="Bar D" /></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>17</td>
<td><img src="image22" alt="Buttonhole model" /></td>
<td><img src="image23" alt="Bar B" /></td>
<td><img src="image24" alt="Bar D" /></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>18</td>
<td><img src="image25" alt="Buttonhole model" /></td>
<td><img src="image26" alt="Bar B" /></td>
<td><img src="image27" alt="Bar D" /></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>19</td>
<td><img src="image28" alt="Buttonhole model" /></td>
<td><img src="image29" alt="Bar B" /></td>
<td><img src="image30" alt="Bar D" /></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Number</td>
<td>Buttonhole model</td>
<td>Bar B</td>
<td>Bar D</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>--------</td>
<td>------------------</td>
<td>-------</td>
<td>-------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20</td>
<td><img src="image1" alt="Buttonhole 20" /></td>
<td><img src="image2" alt="Bar B 20" /></td>
<td><img src="image3" alt="Bar D 20" /></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>21</td>
<td><img src="image4" alt="Buttonhole 21" /></td>
<td><img src="image5" alt="Bar B 21" /></td>
<td><img src="image6" alt="Bar D 21" /></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>22</td>
<td><img src="image7" alt="Buttonhole 22" /></td>
<td><img src="image8" alt="Bar B 22" /></td>
<td><img src="image9" alt="Bar D 22" /></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>23</td>
<td><img src="image10" alt="Buttonhole 23" /></td>
<td><img src="image11" alt="Bar B 23" /></td>
<td><img src="image12" alt="Bar D 23" /></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>24</td>
<td><img src="image13" alt="Buttonhole 24" /></td>
<td><img src="image14" alt="Bar B 24" /></td>
<td><img src="image15" alt="Bar D 24" /></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>25</td>
<td><img src="image16" alt="Buttonhole 25" /></td>
<td><img src="image17" alt="Bar B 25" /></td>
<td><img src="image18" alt="Bar D 25" /></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>26</td>
<td><img src="image19" alt="Buttonhole 26" /></td>
<td><img src="image20" alt="Bar B 26" /></td>
<td><img src="image21" alt="Bar D 26" /></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>27</td>
<td><img src="image22" alt="Buttonhole 27" /></td>
<td><img src="image23" alt="Bar B 27" /></td>
<td><img src="image24" alt="Bar D 27" /></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>28</td>
<td><img src="image25" alt="Buttonhole 28" /></td>
<td><img src="image26" alt="Bar B 28" /></td>
<td><img src="image27" alt="Bar D 28" /></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>29</td>
<td><img src="image30" alt="Buttonhole 29" /></td>
<td><img src="image31" alt="Bar B 29" /></td>
<td><img src="image32" alt="Bar D 29" /></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Input

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Number</th>
<th>Buttonhole model</th>
<th>Bar B</th>
<th>Bar D</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>30</td>
<td><img src="image" alt="Buttonhole model" /></td>
<td><img src="image" alt="Breite B" /></td>
<td><img src="image" alt="Breite D" /></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>31</td>
<td><img src="image" alt="Bartack model" /></td>
<td><img src="image" alt="maximale Breite" /></td>
<td><img src="image" alt="Breite D" /></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Number</th>
<th>Bartack model</th>
<th>Breite D1</th>
<th>Breite B1</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>35</td>
<td><img src="image" alt="Bartack model" /></td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
**11.05.05 Table for entering a buttonhole program**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Value for Program No.:</th>
<th>Value for Program No.:</th>
<th>Value for Program No.:</th>
<th>Value for Program No.:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>301</td>
<td>Program number</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>302</td>
<td>Cut length (mm)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>303</td>
<td>Buttonhole model</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>304</td>
<td>Distance of left seam from centre of cutting line (needle penetration right) = distance A (mm)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>305</td>
<td>Width of left seam, = width A (mm)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>306</td>
<td>Length of left seam (same length as right purl seam) = length A (mm)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>307</td>
<td>Number of stitches in left seam, = number of stitches A</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>308</td>
<td>Secondary thread tension left seam</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>309</td>
<td>Width of 1st bar = width B (mm)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>310</td>
<td>Second width of 1st bar, = width B1 (mm)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>311</td>
<td>Length of 1st bar, = length B (mm)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>312</td>
<td>Second length of 1st bar, = length B1 (mm)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>313</td>
<td>Number of stitches in 1st bar, = number of stitches B</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>314</td>
<td>Distance of 1st bar to centre of cutting line = distance B (mm)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>315</td>
<td>Secondary thread tension of 1st bar</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Parameter</td>
<td>Description</td>
<td>Value for Program No.:</td>
<td>Value for Program No.:</td>
<td>Value for Program No.:</td>
<td>Value for Program No.:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-----------</td>
<td>------------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
<td>------------------------</td>
<td>------------------------</td>
<td>------------------------</td>
<td>------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>316</td>
<td>Distance of right seam from centre of cutting line (needle penetration left) = distance C (mm)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>317</td>
<td>Width of right seam = width C (mm)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>318</td>
<td>Length of right seam (same length as left purl seam) = length C (mm)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>319</td>
<td>Number of stitches in right seam = number of stitches C</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>320</td>
<td>Secondary thread tension right purl seam</td>
<td></td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>321</td>
<td>Width of 2nd bar = width D (mm)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>322</td>
<td>Second width of 2nd bar = width D1</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>323</td>
<td>Length of 2nd bar = length D (mm)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>324</td>
<td>Second length of 2nd bar = length D1 (mm)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>325</td>
<td>Number of stitches in second bar = number of stitches D</td>
<td></td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>326</td>
<td>Distance of second bar to centre of cutting line = distance D (mm)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>327</td>
<td>Secondary thread tension of 2nd bar</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Table for entering a bartack program

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Value for Program No.:</th>
<th>Value for Program No.:</th>
<th>Value for Program No.:</th>
<th>Value for Program No.:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>301</td>
<td>Program number</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>302</td>
<td>Bartack length [mm]</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>303</td>
<td>Bartack model</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>304</td>
<td>No function (bartack model 35)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>305</td>
<td>Width of 1st seam [mm]</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>306</td>
<td>Stitch length 1st seam [mm]</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>307</td>
<td>Secondary thread tension in the 1st seam (I = off, II = on)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>308</td>
<td>No function (bartack model 35)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>309</td>
<td>Width of 2nd seam [mm]</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>310</td>
<td>Stitch length of the 2nd seam [mm]</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>311</td>
<td>Secondary thread tension 2nd seam (I = off, II = on)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
11.06  Sequences

In a maximum of 3 different sequences, up to 33 vario programs in each sequence can be combined in any order and processed later. Before sequences can be generated, appropriate vario programs (buttonhole or bartack programs) have to be created, see Chapter 11.05 Vario programs. The sequences are arranged with parameters “111”, “112” and “113”, which, in the sequence mode, are directly allocated to the appropriate keys on the control panel, see Chapter 7.05 Control panel. Within the sequence the functions “cutting” and “double sewing cycle” can be allotted to the buttonhole programs.

11.06.01 Creating sequences

The following example describes how sequences are created.

● Switch on the machine.

● Select the input mode (LED in the sewing mode key must be off).

● Select the function group “100” with the corresponding plus/minus key.

● Confirm the input with Enter.

● Call up parameter “111” with the corresponding plus/minus key.

● Confirm the input with Enter.

● Select the desired vario program, e.g. bartack program “T3” with the corresponding plus/minus key.

● Call up next sequence position with the corresponding plus/minus key.
● Select the next desired vario program, e.g. buttonhole program "B1" with the corresponding plus/minus key.

[Image of plus/minus keys with numbers 2, B1, II]

● Switch off the "cutting" function with the corresponding plus/minus key.

[Image of plus/minus keys with numbers 2, B1, I]

● Call up the next sequence position with the corresponding plus/minus key.

[Image of plus/minus keys with number 3, END]

● Select the next desired vario program, e.g. buttonhole program "B2" with the corresponding plus/minus key.

[Image of plus/minus keys with numbers 3, B2, II]

● Switch on e.g. the "double sewing cycle" function (LED in the key is on).

● Call up the next sequence position with the corresponding plus/minus key.

[Image of plus/minus keys with number 4, END]

The end of the sequence is defined by the string of characters "END" at the 4th sequence position. The vario program "B2" is then recognized as the last program in the sequence.

● Conclude the sequence input with Enter.

[Image of Enter key]

● Call up the selection of the sequence mode with the corresponding plus/minus key (parameter "114") and switch on the sequence mode (value "II").

[Image of plus/minus keys with number 114, II]

● Call up the sewing mode.

[Image of sewing mode keys with numbers 4000, 3/1]
11.07 Selecting programs

By selecting currently required programs, the display of too many programs can be reduced to a minimum.

- Switch on the machine.
- Activate the Input mode by pressing key (LED in the key is not on).
- Select the function group "100" with the left plus/minus key.
  
  ![100]

- Select the function group by pressing Enter.
- Select parameter "110" with the left plus/minus key.
  
  ![110 12,7 I]

- Select the cutting length or the vario or special programs for the buttonhole with the centre plus/minus key.

- By pressing Enter the correct cut length or the variable and special programs can be selected, or selected values can be deleted. After selection has been made, "*" appears on the display next to the selected value. Repeat selection for all desired values.

  ![110 12,7* I]

- Call up selection with the corresponding plus/minus key.
  'I' = deactivate
  'II' = activate

  ![110 12,7* II]

- Activate Input mode by pressing key (LED in key is on).
If the selected program values do not match the previous program value, error signal "ERROR 28" appears.

- Confirm error signal by pressing Enter.
  
  ![Enter]

  4000  - - - -  20

- Select the required program value with the corresponding plus/minus key.
  
  ![Plus/Minus]

  4000  16,0*  20

After this input, only the selected program values are activated. Other programs can be selected or the selection deleted as required.
11.08 Special programs

The programs 40 to 49 are reserved for special programs. With the programming software OSCA the seam contours are freely programmed on a PC in the available sewing area, which depends on the sub-class. The images are then transferred by connecting the PC to the machine.

11.09 PC-programs (optional)

11.09.01 SAM (Sewing Application Manager)

SAM is an easy PC program for saving all machine data and for programming variable programs with the support of graphics. The details of the SAM functions are:

● Administration of all fixed, variable and special programs
● Visualisation of all programs (parameters, shape and stitch position)
● Creation of variable programs with the support of graphics by entering parameters
● Transfer of variable and special programs from and to the machine
● Saving and restoring of all variable programs, special programs, machine data, configuration data of the machine
● Flash programming (software update of the machine)

11.09.02 OSCA (On-/Offline Sewing Creativity Arrangement)

OSCA is a PC-program for programming free seams with the support of graphics. Depending on the sub-class it is possible to program any seam line in the available sewing area. OSCA is also used to create the special programs 40 to 49. These programs can then no longer be altered in the machine. To transfer data to the machine the PC is connected to the machine with a serial cable.
Data transfer between PC (SAM) and PFAFF 3119

For the data transfer the PC and the machine are connected to each other with a serial cable.

- Switch off the machine and the PC
- Connect serial interface (RS232 s. Page 8-5) and serial PC-interface (COM 1-4) with cable provided.
- Switch on the PC, if necessary install SAM with the cable provided.
- Start SAM ("Start" – "Programs" – "SAM") and set up the corresponding COM-interface in the menu "settings".
- Switch on the machine.
- Select parameter "203" (PC-connection).
- Press Enter.

'203 ONLINE' appears on the display and the machine is in slave mode, i.e. all further actions will be triggered by SAM.
- Produce a connection to the machine using the menu 'set up machine connection'.
- If the connection was successful, all transfer functions (e.g. saving data, sending programs, loading) are available in the corresponding menus.

- SAM can cut off the connection to the machine with the menu "terminate machine connection". The machine leaves its slave mode and changes to function group 200.
- Remove cable from the serial interface (RS232).
- Conclude the procedure with the Enter key, by selecting the Operational mode Sewing or with the Reset key.
12 Care and maintenance

| Clean the hook compartment | daily |
| Clean the entire machine | once a week |
| Clean air filter of air filter / lubricator | as required |
| Check the air pressure | daily, before use |
| Check the oil level | daily, before use |

These maintenance intervals are calculated for the average running time of a single shift operation. If the machine is operated for longer periods, shorter maintenance intervals are recommended.

12.01 Cleaning the machine

The cleaning cycle required for the machine depends on following factors:

- Single or several shift operation
- Amount of dust resulting from the workpiece

It is therefore only possible to stipulate the best possible cleaning instructions for each individual case.

For all cleaning work the machine must be disconnected from the mains by switching off the on/off switch or by removing the mains plug, and the knife must be mechanically locked to prevent knife engagement!

Danger of injury if the machine suddenly starts up or if the knife suddenly drops down.

To avoid breakdowns, the following cleaning work is recommended for single shift operation:

- Clean hook compartment and needle area of sewing head several times daily.
- Clean the entire machine at least once a week.
12.02 Cleaning the hook compartment

Switch off the machine!
Lock knife mechanically to prevent knife engagement!
Danger of injury from the needle and knife!

- Open hook compartment cover 1.
- Clean the hook and hook compartment daily, more often if in continuous use.
12.03 Cleaning the air filter of the air-filter / lubricator

Switch the machine off!
Disconnect the air hose at the air-filter / lubricator.

To drain water bowl 1:
● Water bowl 1 drains itself automatically when the compressed-air hose is disconnected from the air-filter / lubricator.

Cleaning filter 2:
● Unscrew water bowl 1.
● Take out filter 2.
● Clean filter 2 with compressed air or isopropyl alcohol (part No. 95-665 735-91).
● Screw in filter 2 and screw on water bowl 1.

12.04 Checking/adjusting the air pressure

● Before operating the machine, always check the air pressure on gauge 1.
● Gauge 1 must show a pressure of 6 bar.
● If necessary adjust to this reading.
● To do so, pull knob 2 upwards and turn it so that the gauge shows a pressure of 6 bar.
12.05 Check oil level for needle drive unit

There must always be oil in the storage tank.

● If necessary top up oil through hole 1 in the sight glass.

Only use oil with a medium viscosity of 10.00 mm²/s at 40°C and a density of 0.847 g/cm³ at 15°C.

We recommend PFAFF sewing machine oil, part no. 280-1-120 105.

12.06 Check oil level for the hook

The oil level in sight glass 1 must always be between the two markings.

● If necessary top up oil through hole 1 in the sight glass.

Only use oil with a medium viscosity of 10.00 mm²/s at 40°C and a density of 0.847 g/cm³ at 15°C.

We recommend PFAFF sewing machine oil, part no. 280-1-120 105.

12.07 Check oil level for the compressor

● Check the oil level of the compressor as described in the enclosed instruction manual of the manufacturer, and if necessary top up oil.
13 Adjustment

Unless otherwise stipulated, the machine must be disconnected from the mains by switching it off at the on/off switch or by pulling out the mains plug, and the knife must be locked mechanically to prevent knife engagement.

13.01 Notes on adjustment

All following adjustments are based on a fully assembled machine and may only be carried out by expert staff trained for this purpose. Machine covers, which have to be removed and replaced to carry out checks and adjustments, are not mentioned in the text.

The order of the following chapters corresponds to the most logical work sequence for machines which have to be completely adjusted. If only specific individual work steps are carried out, both the preceding and following chapters must be observed. Screws, nuts indicated in brackets ( ) are fastenings for machine parts, which must be loosened before adjustment and tightened again afterwards.

13.02 Tools, gauges and other accessories

- 1 set of screwdrivers with blade widths from 2 to 10 mm
- 1 set of wrenches with jaw widths from 7 to 14 mm
- 1 set of Allan keys from 1.5 to 6 mm
- 1 offset screwdriver, Part no. 91-029 339-91
- 1 metal ruler, Part no. 08-880 218-00
- 1 screw clamp, Part no. 61-111 600-35/001
- 1 needle rise gauge 2.4 mm, Part No. 61-111 600-01
- 1 adjustment gauge, Part no. 61-111 635-86
- 1 adjustment gauge for lower knife stop, Part no. 61-111 635-85
- 1 adjustment gauge for upper knife stop, Part no. 61-111 635-93
- 1 Blocking pin, part no. 13-030 272-05
- 1 adjustment pin, Part no. 61-111 641-46

13.03 Abbreviations

t.d.c. = top dead centre
b.c.c. = bottom dead centre
13.04 Toothed belts of the hook drive unit

Requirement
Tensioner 1 should lightly touch the toothed belt.

- Loosen the machine’s screw connection to the table.
- Tilt the machine backwards and dismount the pan.
- Adjust tensioner 1 (nut 2) according to the requirement.

If there are operational noises, repeat the adjustment.
13.05 Drive rods of the bobbin thread trimming device

Requirement
When cylinder 5 is fully extended, roller 3 should be positioned at a small distance (approx. 0.3 mm) from the curve bottom of slotted lever 4.

- Loosen nut 1.
- Loosen screw 2 until roller 3 can be pushed into the curve bottom of slotted lever 4 by hand.
- Turn screw 2 to contact lever 4.
- To set the distance of roller 3 according to the requirement, turn screw 2 another 1/2 turn and fix it with nut 1.

When the cylinder is extended, there should be a distance of 204.5 mm between the centre of the yoke head bore hole and the bore hole for the cylinder suspension.
13.06 Switch for sewing start

Requirement
When cylinder 5 is fully extended, switch 1 should be operated.

- Adjust switch 1 or bracket 2 (screws 3 or 4) according to the requirement.
13.07 Basic position of the feed drive unit

Requirement
Switch 2 should operate when slide block 4 is 1.6 mm away from clamp 5.

- Set the distance of 1.6 mm by turning spindle 1.
- Adjust switch 2 (screw 3) according to the requirement.
13.08 Preliminary adjustment of the work clamp

Requirement
When the feed unit is in its basic position
1. The drive lever 1 should be flush with marking 8 on shaft 5,
2. The front edge of drive lever 1 should be flush with guide pin 4 and
3. Eccentric 6 should touch drive lever 1 without play.

- Adjust drive lever 1 (screws 2) according to requirement 1.
- Loosen screw 3.
- Bring drive lever 1 to stop on guide pin 4 and adjust shaft 5 according to requirement 2.
- Turn eccentric 6 (screw 7) according to requirement 3.
- Tighten screw 3.
13.09 Toothed belts of the main drive unit

Requirement
1. Toothed belt wheels 1 and 5 should be in alignment.
2. There should be a hardly noticeable amount of play between the toothed belt wheels 1 and 5 and the toothed belt 6.

- Adjust toothed belt wheel 1 (screws 2) according to requirement 1.
- Swing motor 3 (screws 4) according to requirement 2.

If there are operational noises, repeat the adjustments.
13.10 Preliminary adjustment of the needle height

**Requirement**
When the needle bar is at b.d.c. there should be a distance of 11 mm between the lower edge of the needle bar 1 and the needle plate.

Adjust needle bar 1 (screw 2) according to the requirement.
13.11 Position of the needle plate in relation to the needle

**Requirement**
Needle plate base 3 should rest on the edge of the bed-plate cutout (see arrows). Seen in the direction of sewing the needle should enter the needle hole in the centre.

- Dismount feeder and insert a new needle.
- Loosen screws 1 and 2.
- Adjust needle plate base 3 according to the **requirements**.
- Tighten screws 2.
- Bring stop plate 4 into contact with needle plate base 3 and tighten screws 1.
13.12 Controlling the stitch symmetry

Requirement
Both the left and right point of penetration should be the same distance from the basic position of the needle (middle point of penetration).

- Switch on the machine.
- Call up parameter 606.
- Place a thin piece of cardboard under the work clamp.
- Confirm input with the Enter key.
- Taking care to see that the X-coordinate is positioned at "0", penetrate the cardboard slightly by turning the balance wheel.
- Set the X-coordinate at -40 with the appropriate plus/minus key and penetrate the cardboard slightly by turning the balance wheel.
- Set the X-coordinate at 40 with the appropriate plus/minus key and penetrate the cardboard slightly by turning the balance wheel.
- Set the X-coordinate back to "0" with the appropriate plus/minus key.
- Leave the operational mode Input and remove the cardboard.
- Control the symmetry of the penetration points.
- If the penetration points are not symmetrical, check the Chapter 13.13 Sensor board for the needle drive unit and Chapter 13.14 Basic position of the needle drive unit.
13.13 Sensor board of the needle drive (in dismantled state)

Requirement
1. The counter-sinking in eccentric 1 should match the locking hole in the supporting bracket.
2. The axis of the switch lug of eccentric 1 should be centred to the hybrid light barrier of the sensor board.

To change the sensor board it is imperative to observe the following work steps!

Danger of electric shock if handled incorrectly!

Electric voltage!
Adjustment

- Completely remove the needle drive unit (plugs remain connected).
- Loosen screws 2.
- Block eccentric 1 with blocking pin 3 (part no. 13-030 272-05) in the blocking hole of the supporting bracket.
- Switch machine off, then on again and wait until the stepping motor has stopped (ignore error signal on the control panel).
- Making sure that it is touching the rear wall, slide board 4 (screws 5) in the direction of the arrow, until light diode 6 lights up, and then slide it back until the light in diode 6 just goes out.
- Switch off the machine.
- Adjust eccentric 1 in accordance with requirement 2 and tighten screws 2.
- Remove blocking pin 3.
- Switch on the machine and check the needle drive unit in accordance with requirement 1.
- Switch off the machine.
- Install the needle drive unit and set it in accordance with Chapter 13.14 Basic setting of the needle drive unit.
13.14 Basic setting of the needle drive unit

Requirement
As seen crosswise to the direction of sewing, the needle should be positioned in b.d.c. needle bar, and when eccentric 1 is blocked, in the centre of the needle hole.

- Switch on the machine and set parameter "611" to value "1".
- Using the balance wheel, bring the needle bar into b.d.c. and block eccentric 1 (blocking pin 2, part no. 13-030 272-05).
- Adjust the needle bar 3 (screw 4) in accordance with the requirement.
- Remove blocking pin 2.
13.15 Basic position of the work clamp (lengthwise to the arm)

**Requirement**
When the clamp 1 is in its basic position, there should be a distance of 5 mm, or 9 mm on machines with sub-class -2/62 and -2/63, from the centre of the needle hole to the work clamp.

- Connect the compressed air system and switch on the machine.
- Lower the work clamp 1 (control panel).
- Adjust bar 2 (screw 3) according to the **requirement**.
- Switch off the machine and disconnect the compressed air.
13.16 Basic position of the work clamp (crosswise to the arm)

**Requirement**
1. When the pressure roller 1 is in guide unit 5, the cut-out of work clamp 6 should be centred to the needle hole.
2. When the work clamp 6 is in motion, it should always be parallel to the needle plate insert.

- Reduce the sewing pressure completely, see Chapter 9.09 Adjusting the work clamp pressure.
- Adjust pressure roller 1 (screw 2) according to requirement 1.
- Adjust bolt 3 (screws 4) according to requirement 2.
13.17 **Upper take-up lever position** (reference position)

**Requirement**
The take-up lever should position 1.8 - 2.0 mm before its t.d.c. and one of the screws 1 should be accessible.

- Remove the needle and switch on the machine.
- Select parameter "609".
- Press Enter, the motor turns to the reference point.
- Loosen screw 1 and, by turning the balance wheel 2, bring the take-up lever into position according to the **requirement**.
- Tighten screws 1.
- Switch off the machine.
Adjustment

13.18 Lifting elbow on the work clamp

Requirement
1. The lifting elbow 1 should be parallel to pressure roller 3.
2. When work clamp 4 is lifted, there should be a slight amount of play between pressure roller 3 and lifting elbow 1.

- Switch on the machine.
- Lower the work clamp.
- Adjust the lifting elbow 1 (screw 2) according to the requirements.
- Switch off the machine.
13.19 Work clamp stroke

**Requirement**

When the lifting cylinder is completely extended, there should be a space of 15 mm between lifting piece 4 and clamp 1.

- Reduce the work clamp pressure completely, see Chapter 9.09 Adjusting the work clamp pressure.
- Adjust clamp 1 (screw 2) according to the requirement.

⚠️ Take care not to twist bar 3 during the adjustment!
Adjustment

13.20 Lifting cylinder of the work clamp

Requirement
The lifting and dropping motion of the work clamp should be carried out as quickly as possible.

- Adjust the throttles 1 (dropping motion) and 2 (lifting motion) according to the requirement.
13.21 Cutting pressure of the knife unit (in dismantled state)

**Requirement**
1. In its basic position (retracted), the knife cylinder 1 should have a length of 98.5 mm.
2. The knife 5 should cut perfectly, but the pressure on knife 5 should be as low as possible.

- Adjust knife cylinder 1 (nut 2) according to requirement 1.
- To begin with, by turning screw 4 completely compress spring assembly 3, and then wind screw 4 back by three turns (requirement 2).
**Position of the knife bracket and lower knife stop**

**Requirement**

1. Knife bracket 5 should be adjusted so that adjustment gauge 2 is parallel and in the centre of the knife slot.
2. When the knife cylinder is extended, screw 4 should be accessible through the hole in the machine case and adjustment gauge 2 should be touching the needle plate insert.

- Bring the machine into its basic position and disengage needle thread cutter 1.
- Fit adjustment gauge 2 (Part no. 61-111 635-85).
- Twist knife bar 3 (screw 4) according to requirement 1.
- Adjust knife bracket 5 (screw 6) according to requirement 2.
- Loosen screw 7 and turn stop screw 8 back a few turns.
- Push down guide unit 9 by hand, until screw 4 becomes accessible through the hole in the machine case, and adjust knife bar 3 (screw 4) according to requirement 3.
Adjustment

- Push down knife bar 3 by hand (the adjustment gauge 2 must be touching the needle plate insert) and turn stop screw 8 until it touches the knife arm.
- Tighten screw 7 and remove adjustment gauge 2.
13.23 Upper knife stop

Requirement
When the adjustment gauge 1 is resting on the needle plate insert, the arm of the knife should be touching the upper knife stop.

- Fit adjustment gauge 1 (Part no. 61-11 635-93).
- Turn stop screw 2 (screw 3) according to the requirement.
- Remove adjustment gauge 1.
13.24 Knife control switch

Requirement
When the cutting device is in its neutral position, switch 1 should be reliably activated.

- Adjust switch 1 (screw 2) according to the requirement.
13.25 Knife motion

Requirement
1. The fabric must be cut perfectly.
2. The cutting motion should be carried out as quickly as possible.

- Adjust the throttles 1 (dropping motion) and 2 (lifting motion) according to the requirements.
13.26 Distance of the knife to the needle bar

**Requirement**
There should be a distance of 0.2 - 0.5 mm between the knife 3 and the needle bar 4.

![Fig. 13 - 22](image)

- Adjust knife holder 1 (screws 2) according to the **requirement**.
- Remove compressed air supply.
- Push the knife holder down by hand and check the distance of the knife from the needle plate cutout.

After setting the distance between the knife and the needle bar, the setting value of parameter “210” should be adapted to the measurement “x”.

---

**Adjustment**
13.27 Changing the knife / knife height

**Requirement**
When the punching or cutting device is in its neutral position, knife 2 should be 23 mm (punching device) or 22 mm (cutting device) away from needle plate 6.

---

**Danger of injury from dropping knife!**
Activate knife lock (move lever 1 in the direction of the arrow).

**Changing the knife:**
- Remove and replace knife 2 (screw 3).
- Check the knife length entered and adjust it if necessary, see Chapter 10.01.03 Entering the knife length and cut overlap.
- Set the knife height as described below.

**Knife height on machines with punching device:**
- Adjust knife 2 (screw 3) according to the requirement with the aid of adjustment gauge 4 (Part no. 61-111 635-86).

**Knife height on machines with cutting device:**
- Adjust knife 5 (screw 3) according to the requirement.
13.28 Functional test of needle thread cutter

**Requirement**

1. An inserted thread should be cut cleanly by needle thread cutter 1.
2. After cutting, the thread end should be clamped in such a way that the needle thread cutter 1 is held on the thread.

---

- Dismount needle thread cutter 1.
- Carry out a functional test according to the requirements.
- If necessary, adjust clamp spring 2 or roughen the clamping surfaces.
- Fit the needle thread cutter 1.

If the thread is damaged during clamping, the clamp hold is too tight. There should be no sharp edges on the clamping surfaces of the top cutter section 3, but this must have an adequate clamping surface. Smooth clamping surfaces have a negative effect on the clamping action.
**Needle thread cutter (vertical and horizontal adjustment)**

**Requirement**

1. The distance between the lower edge of the needle thread cutter 1 and the work clamp 5 must be **0.5 mm**.
2. The opened needle thread cutter 1 should catch the needle thread reliably. During sewing the opening cutter must not collide with the needle.

- Adjust the needle thread cutter 1 (screw 2) according to requirement 1.
- Adjust clamp 3 (screw 4) according to requirement 2.

---

The adjustment described in requirement 2 cannot be carried out when sewing extremely thick materials, as this may cause needle breakage.
13.30 Cam guide unit

Requirement
The starting thread should be sewn over with no problem.

- Bring the machine into its basic position and retract the cutter cylinder completely.
- Adjust the cam guide unit 1 (screws 2 and 3) according to the requirement.
- Adjust drive plate 4 (screw 5) according to the requirement.

Information
The opening and swinging out of the needle thread cutter must be corrected during sewing, if necessary.
13.31 Needle thread cutter stroke

Requirement
The stroke length between the extended and retracted cutter cylinder 3 should be 4.5 mm.

- Adjust nut 1 (locking nut 2) according to the requirement.
13.32 Needle thread cutter switch

Requirement
When the cutter cylinder 3 is retracted, switch 1 should be reliably activated.

- Adjust switch 1 (screw 2) according to the requirement.
13.33 Needle thread cutter release

**Requirement**
1. Adjustment hole 6 must match the hole in the mounting plate 7.
2. There should be a distance of **approximately 1 mm** between the lower edge of pawl 5 and the upper edge of catch 8. (The thread should not be cut until the needle thread tension is open.)

- Adjust lever 1 (screw 2) according to requirement 1 with the aid of the adjustment pin (Part no. 61-111 641-46).
- Disengage the needle thread cutter by hand.
- Adjust bar 3 (screw 4) according to requirement 2.
- Raise pawl 5 until the needle thread cutter is engaged.
13.34 Catch

**Requirement**
When the cutter frame 1 is at the highest point of the cam guide unit 2, there should be a space of 0.2 mm between catch 3 and pawl 6.

- Connect the machine to the compressed air system and switch on the machine.
- Tact through the seam until the cutter frame 1 is at the highest point of the cam guide unit 2.
- Adjust catch 3 (screw 4) according to the requirement.
- Move the machine further until reaching the basic position.
- Switch off the on/off switch and disconnect the machine from the compressed air system.
13.35 Swing out motion of the needle thread cutter

**Requirement**

1. Before the swing out motion begins, the needle thread cutter should have clamped and cut the thread reliably.
2. When the needle thread cutter swings out, it should not touch the needle point.

- Bring the machine to t.d.c. take-up lever (balance wheel 1).
- Adjust cam 2 (screws 3) according to the requirements.
13.36 Needle bar rise and hook-to-needle clearance

**Requirement**
When the needle penetrates the right side of the left seam, the needle bar rise should be **2.4 mm**. In this position, the point 5 of the hook should be exactly in the centre of the needle 6 and there should be a clearance of **0.1 mm** between the needle and the hook point.

- Dismantle the feeder, needle plate and knife.
- Switch on the machine.
- Select parameter "610".
- Disengage the needle thread cutter by hand.
- Select position "1" (left seam, right penetration point).
Bring the needle to b.d.c.
- Fit screw clamp 1 (Part no. 61-111 600-35/001) to needle bar 2.
- Bring **2.4 mm** needle rise gauge (Part no. 61-111 600-09) between the screw clamp 1 and the guide stop of the needle bar 2.
- Loosen the screw clamp 1, slide up as far as possible and tighten it again.
- Remove the needle rise gauge.
- Turn the balance wheel in the direction of sewing until screw clamp 1 has contact.
- Twist or slide hook sleeve 3 (screws 4) in accordance with the **requirement**.
- Loosen and remove screw clamp 1.

The machine remains switched on for the next adjustment.
13.37 Needle bar height and needle guard

**Requirement**
1. When the needle penetrates the right side of the right seam, there should be a clearance of 0.5 mm between the top edge of the needle eye and the hook point 2 at the end of the needle rise.
2. When the needle penetrates the right side of the left seam, in needle rise position the needle should lightly touch needle guard 3.

Fig. 13 - 34

- Select position "2" (right seam, right needle penetration).
- Adjust the needle bar 1 (screw 2) according to requirement 1.
- Select position "1" (left seam, right needle penetration).
- Align needle guard 3 according to requirement 2.
- Switch off the machine.
13.38 Bobbin case holder

**Requirement**
The bobbin case holder should be scarcely but reliably held.

- Adjust bobbin case holder 1 (screws 2) according to the **requirement**.
- Move the needle plate against the stop and screw tight.
13.39 Hook lubrication

Requirement
1. After approx. 10 sewing cycles, a fine oil streak should appear on a piece of paper held below the hook.
2. The felt ring should lightly touch the spring-loaded metal disc.

- Check the oil level, see Chapter 12.06 Check the oil level for the hook.
- Switch on the machine.
- Adjust oil guide ring 1 (grub screw 2) according to the requirements.
- Switch off the machine.
13.40 Knife position

**Requirement**

1. (When the bobbin thread trimming device is in its neutral position), knife 1 should be parallel to the edge of the needle hole with a clearance of 0.5 mm.
2. During the cutting motion, the catcher 3 should move as near as possible to knife guard 5 without touching it.

- Adjust knife 1 (screws 2) according to requirement 1.
- Adjust catcher 3 (screws 4) according to requirement 2.
13.41 Knife guard

Requirement
1. When the bobbin thread trimming device is in its neutral position, knife guard 3 should be parallel to the edge of the knife 4.
2. The stud 5 should not touch the bottom of the cam (set clamp 1 in a vertical position).

- Switch on the machine.
- Dismantle feeder and needle plate insert.
- Switch off the machine and disconnect the compressed air supply.
- Adjust clamp 1 (screw 2) according to the requirements.
- Lift work clamp and fit needle plate insert and feeder.
13.42 Needle thread tension release

Requirement
1. When the thread tension unit 8 is in its neutral position, release magnet 9 should be at a distance of approx. 2-3 mm from case 3.
2. When the thread tension unit 8 is open, the tensions disks 11 should be approx. 0.5 mm apart.
3. The thread tension unit 10 should open, before the knife cuts the thread.

- Remove the tension plate.
- Set nut 1 (locknut 2) in accordance with requirement 1.
- Adjust case 3 (screws 4) in accordance with requirement 2.
- Attach the tension plate.
- Adjust release 5 (screw 6) in accordance with requirement 3.
- Check the setting by operating lever 7.
**13.43 Needle thread puller**

**Requirement**
1. When sewing starts, the needle thread should not be pulled out of the needle thread cutter.
2. The loose needle thread must be used up after the first stitch.

Fig. 13 - 40

- Adjust needle thread puller 1 (screw 2) according to the requirements.
13.44 Side thread tension and slack thread regulator

Requirement
Thread check spring 5 should be
1. flush with the top edge of bar 6 and
2. rise slightly from its position rest when the thread loop through the hook is at its largest.

- Thread the needle thread.
- Adjust the thread tension unit 1 (grub screw 2) according to requirement 1.
- Adjust the slack thread regulator 3 (screws 4) according to requirement 2.

The stroke of thread check spring 5 and the position of slack thread regulator 3 are dependent on the material and must be adjusted in accordance with the sewing results.
13.45 Bobbin winder

**Requirement**

1. When the bobbin winder is activated, the friction wheel 5 should be driven reliably.
2. When the bobbin winder is deactivated, the drive wheel 1 should not touch friction wheel 5.
3. When the bobbin is filled up to 1 mm from the edge, the bobbin winder should switch off automatically.

- Adjust drive wheel 1 (screws 2) according to requirements 1 and 2.
- Adjust stud 3 (screw 4) according to requirement 3.
13.46 Retainer position (only for 3119-2/62 and -2/63)

Requirement
Retainer 1 should
1. be positioned parallel to the cutting slot with its front edge flush with the needle hole and
2. as near as possible over the workpiece without restricting it.

- Adjust retainer 1 (screw 2) according to the requirements.
13.47 Carrying out a cold start

When a cold start is carried out, all newly created or modified programs, and all altered parameter settings are deleted!

The machine is reset to the condition at the time of delivery.

- Switch on the machine.
- Switch to parameter input (LED in key is not on).
- Select the function group "600" with the appropriate plus / minus key.
- Confirm input with Enter.
- Enter the code, see Chapter 11.03 Entering / altering the access code.
- Select parameter "608" (carry out a cold start) with the appropriate plus / minus key.
- Confirm input with Enter.
- Switch the machine off and on again after about 3 seconds twice.
Adjustment

13.48 Parameter settings
All variable machine functions are listed in the parameter list (Chapter 13.48.02). An example of how to select the parameters and how to alter the values is given below (Chapter 13.50.01).

13.48.01 Selecting and altering parameters
Example: Switching on the needle thread monitor

- Switch on the machine.
- Switch to parameter input (LED in the key is not on).
- Select the function group, e.g. "200" with the corresponding plus/minus key.

200

- Confirm the input with Enter.
- Enter the code, see Chapter 11.03 Entering/altering the access code.

201

- With the corresponding plus/minus key enter e.g. parameter "205" (needle thread monitor).

205

- With the corresponding plus/minus key switch on the needle thread monitor.

205

- End the input by switching to the sewing mode.
### List of parameters

<table>
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<th>Group</th>
<th>Parameter</th>
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<th>Setting</th>
<th>Standard value</th>
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<td>Stop for needle thread fault</td>
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<td>(I = OFF, II = ON)</td>
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<td>(I = buttonhole model- / bartack model, II = speed)</td>
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<tr>
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<td>1 - 5</td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>2 - Seam and bartack flat</td>
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<td>3 - Seam and bartack raised</td>
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<td>4 - 1st cycle seam and bartack flat</td>
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<td>7 - 1st and 2nd seam flat</td>
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<td>8 - 1st and 2nd seam raised</td>
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* In buttonhole mode (parameter „115“ at „I“)

** In bartack mode (parameter „115“ at „II“)
### Adjustment

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▲ In buttonhole mode (parameter „115“ at „I“)
■ In bartack mode (parameter „115“ at „II“)
### Adjustment

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<td>Number of stitches in left seam = number of stitches A</td>
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<td>Secondary tension for 1st seam (I = off; II = on)</td>
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<td>Secondary thread tension of 1st bar (II = on; I = off)</td>
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▲ In buttonhole mode (parameter „115“ at „I“)
■ In bartack mode (parameter „115“ at „II“)
### Adjustment

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<td>Start delay after lowering clamp</td>
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<td>Cutting time</td>
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<td>Suppressed stitches bobbin thread monitor</td>
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<td>Secondary thread tension at sewing start (stitches)</td>
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<td>6</td>
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<td>Move stepping motor work clamp and needle</td>
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### Adjustment

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<td>B = Key for knife suppression</td>
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<td>B = on sewing head (E5)</td>
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<td>C = Basic position knife (E4)</td>
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<td>D = Clamp lowered (E3)</td>
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<td>E = Basic position cutter (E2)</td>
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<td>F = Reference clamp (E1)</td>
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<td>Reference point - Needle to work clamp</td>
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<td>Turn sewing motor in direction of sewing</td>
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<td>Carry out cold start</td>
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<td>Reference point - machine to motor</td>
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## Adjustment

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13.49 Malfunctions

13.49.01 Error messages

Error 1: System fault in the control unit
Error 2: Defect on sewing motor
  30: Time out + motor defect
  20: Time out + motor defect
  10: Speed + motor defect
  0B: StopX + motor defect
  0A: Reset stitch counter + motor defect
  9: Write parameter + motor defect
  5: Position tdc shortest path + motor defect
  3: Position tdc backwards + motor defect
  2: Position tdc forwards + motor defect
Error 3: Knife control (e.g. mechanically locked)
Error 4: Cutter control
Error 5: Lift control of work clamp
Error 6: Time control when working through the sewing program
Error 7: Ramp end of stepping motor
  7-1: Ramp end of stepping motor
  7-2: Delay X not finished
  7-3: Delay Y not finished
  7-4: Ramp X not finished
  7-5: Ramp Y not finished
Error 8: Stitch length too large
Error 9: Sewing pattern outside area
Error 10: Error when moving the machine into basic position (home)
  10-1: Outputs not finished
  10-2: Raise work clamp
  10-3: Start sewing position not reached
  10-6: Foot pedal operated
  10-7: X-centre not reached
  10-8: still at X-centre
  10-9: Y-centre not reached
  10-10: still at Y-centre
  10-11: time control home test
  10-12: Absolute position –0.3 not reached home test
  10-13: Absolute position +0.6 not reached home test
  10-14: Move to tdc take-up lever
Error 11: Stepping frequency of the stepping motor is too high
Error 12: Error in sewing program
Error 13: Sewing area larger than the work clamp cutout
  Program does not fit into sewing area
Error 14: Programmable output not activated
Error 15: Programmable input did not arrive
Error 16: Delay time when the sewing drive is running not permitted
Error 17: Cutting before previous sewing
Error 18: Incorrect command in data set
Error 19: Wrong program number
Error 20: Needle thread breakage or needle thread inserted incorrectly
Error 21: Power unit overload (24 V)
Error 22: Incorrect mains voltage
Error 23: 24V power unit too low / or too high
Error 24: No stepping motor motion prepared (Nis)
Error 25: Stepping motor was not started (Nis)
Error 26: Incorrect knife length for multiple cutting
Error 27: Error on PC-interface
  27-1: Receiver Timeout
  27-2: Transmitter Timeout
  27-3: Transmission error
  27-4: Incoming signal buffer overflow
  27-5: Data error
  27-6: Answer too long
  27-7: No ASCIIHEX
  27-8: Inadmissible program number
  27-9: Incorrect command syntax
  27-10: No number
  27-11: Unknown command
Error 28: Current sewing program not in program selection

Motor errors

Error No. Description
  1   Pedal not in rest position
  9   Start lock at standstill
 10   Incorrect machine class
 62   Short circuit 24V
 63   overload
 64   Network monitoring
 65   Extint low bei Init
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<td>69</td>
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<td>71</td>
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<td>106</td>
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<td>107</td>
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<tr>
<td>222</td>
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</tbody>
</table>
This list indicates the most important wearing parts. You can request a detailed parts list for the complete machine under parts number 296-12-18 721.
Wearing parts

System 438

91-269 245-91
91-000 094-25
91-269 243-91
91-000 369-15
(3x)
91-267 251-05
91-138 525-05
91-000 390-05
91:000 998-15
91-267 251-05
91:138 550-05
91-000 369-15
91-269 243-91
91-000 094-25
99-137 151-45
11-173 086-15

System 438
## Reference list for the circuit diagrams

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<td>A2</td>
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<td>B1</td>
<td>Thread sensor</td>
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<tr>
<td>B2</td>
<td>Hybrid light barrier needle reference</td>
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<td>H1</td>
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<td>M1</td>
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<td>X23</td>
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Ausgänge
25 poliger D-Sub

Steuergerät A1
Quick P320 MS

Stoffschieberahmen  Messer ein  Schere  Fadenspannung
19  20  21  22  23  24  25  26  27  28  29  30